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Forward-looking statements are based on and reflect management's current expectations, assumptions, estimates and projections that may or may not prove to be correct. These forward-looking statements are subject to a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors, many of which are beyond our control. Moreover, we operate in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risks emerge from time to time. It is not possible for our management to predict all risks, nor can we assess the impact of all factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement. In light of these risks, uncertainties, and assumptions, the future events and trends discussed in this presentation may not occur and our actual results, results, levels of activity, performance or achievements could differ materially and adversely from those anticipated or implied by any forward-looking statements. These and other known risks, uncertainties and factors are described in detail under the caption "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), including our most recent Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. These filings are available in the Investor Relations section of our website at https://ir.inarimedical.com/ or at www.sec.gov.

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# Our Mission: Treat and Transform the Lives of Patients Suffering from Venous Diseases





## Commercial-Stage Company Focused on Venous Solutions



Commercial-stage company that has developed minimally invasive products designed to remove large clots from veins without the need for thrombolytic drugs



# Purpose Built Solutions for the

Venous Anatomy

2 Systems
Both Disposable; No
Cap Equip

>30,000
Patients Treated

\$9,000 (1)
Blended Revenue per
Procedure

\$63.5M 2Q21 Revenue (2021 YTD \$120.9M) (2021Y \$250M - \$255M)

>80% Gross Margin

## Inari Medical: Purpose Built Solutions for Removing Blood Clots from the Venous Anatomy

#### **Venous Focused**



We are pioneering devices specifically designed and purpose-built for the venous anatomy and its unique clot morphology

## 2 FDA-Cleared & Marketed Systems



ClotTriever (used in DVT) and FlowTriever (used in PE and CIT) safely and effectively remove large volumes of clot while eliminating need for thrombolytic drugs

## Large Market Opportunity



Deep Vein Thrombosis ("DVT"), Pulmonary Embolism ("PE"), and Clot-in-Transit ("CIT") collectively represent a \$3.8bn annual U.S. market opportunity (1)

## Scaling Commercial Organization



Rapidly growing commercial organization that is designed to harness and leverage unique insights into key business decisions

### **Product Simplicity**



Intuitive, easy to use, single-use devices that do not require capital equipment or the use of thrombolytic drugs and that enable a short learning curve

## **Compelling Economics & Improved Efficiency**



Products allow for short, single sessions and are designed to eliminate need for expensive thrombolytics which require costly ICU stays and carry risks of major bleeding

#### **Unique Culture**



Carefully selected team collectively pursuing extraordinary outcomes and improving the quality of life for our patients

## Strong Leadership Team to Capitalize on Our Opportunity



**Bill Hoffman**Chief Executive Officer



Mitch Hill Chief Financial Officer



**Drew Hykes**Chief Operating Officer



**Dr. Tom Tu** Chief Medical Officer

Angela Ahmad	General Counsel
John Borrell	VP Sales
Janet Byk	VP Finance & Accounting
Justin Crockett	VP Inari Solutions Group
Tara Dunn	VP Clinical Affairs & Market Development
Eben Gordon	VP Quality Assurance & Reg. Affairs
Eric Khairy	VP Marketing

Paul Koehn	VP Operations
Eric Louw	VP Manufacturing
Norman Nie	VP Information Technology
Vitas Sipelis	VP International
Kevin Strange	VP Strategy & Business Development
Brian Strauss	VP Engineering
Venkat Tummala	VP Medical Affairs
Randy Hamlin	VP Advanced Development

## Poor Outcomes for Venous Thrombectomy Stem from Differences Between Arterial and Venous Clot

Parameter	Arterial System	Venous System
Hemodynamics	High flow, high pressure	Low flow, low pressure
Vessel morphology	Vessels taper in direction of flow	Vessels enlarge in direction of flow
Presentation	Ischemic insult (MI, stroke), sudden, spectacular symptoms, treatment sought quickly	DVT: discoloration, swelling, pain, symptoms emerge over days/weeks, treatment delayed PE: impaired heart & lung functions, shortness of breath, chest pain
Clot morphology	Small amounts of soft clot in small vessels, "floating" in the vessel	Large amounts of firm/hard clot in large vessels, adhered to vessel wall

Repurposed arterial thrombectomy systems

Leads to inadequate results

Typically requires use of thrombolytics

Results in inadequate safety, effectiveness and economic outcomes

**Poor Overall Results** 

**INADEQUATE** 

**TREATMENT OF** 

**VENOUS** 

**PATIENTS** 



# Inari Devices are Specifically Designed for Venous Applications

#### Penumbra Indigo System<sup>(1)</sup> Designed For:

- Arterial system
- Small, acute clot
- <3 mm diameter vessel (middle cerebral artery)</li>

#### **Stroke Treated with Indigo**

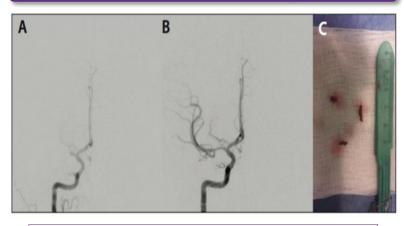
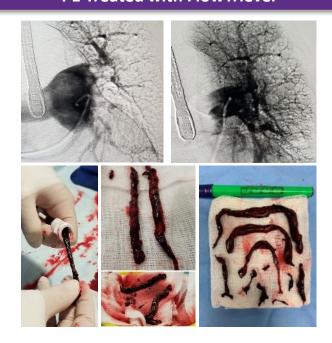


Figure 1. Occluded right MCA (A); revascularization of the MCA (B); removed thrombi (C)

#### **Inari Products Designed For:**

- Venous system
- Large, acute/chronic clot
- 6-25 mm diameter vessels (pulmonary arteries)
- 6-16 mm diameter vessels (peripheral vasculature)

#### PE Treated with FlowTriever



## Inadequate Thrombectomy Options Lead to Use of Thrombolytics, An Ineffective Option for Venous Clot

#### For Venous Clots, Thrombolytics Are Generally:

1 Ineffective

- Because symptoms from venous clot often appear gradually, the underlying clot can become significant in size and hardened
- Clot morphology changes over time
- The older the clot, the fewer "targets" of thrombolytics remain, which can render thrombolytic treatment ineffective

2 High Risk

- Thrombolytics can carry significant rates of bleeding complications
- Conservative patient selection and lowering dosage do not always eliminate bleeding risks
- Up to 50% of patients with venous thromboembolism ("VTE") are relatively or absolutely contraindicated to thrombolytics

3 Expensive

- Thrombolytic drugs can be highly costly
- Administration of thrombolytics requires multiple procedures and prolonged hospital stays
- Bleeding risks necessitate ICU stay (the most expensive bed in the hospital)
- Reimbursement for thrombolytics is relegated to low-paying, medically-orientated DRGs<sup>(1)</sup>

## Most Venous Clot Does Not Respond to Thrombolytics

Acute

### ClotTriever







### **FlowTriever**









## VTE: The Most Recent Example of Vascular Evolution to Catheter-Based Treatments

## Development of new tools and supporting data continue to drive treatment away from thrombolytic drugs to definitive endovascular mechanical interventions

Myocardial Infarction



Thrombolysis

Balloon Angioplasty, Bare Metal Stent, Drug-Eluting Stents Primary Angioplasty in Acute Myocardial Infarction (PAMI), Stent PAMI



Stroke



Systemic Thrombolysis

Stentriever, Aspiration Thrombectomy REVASCAT, MR CLEAN, EXTEND-IA, SWIFT PRIME



Expected Path for Venous Thromboembolism (DVT and PE)





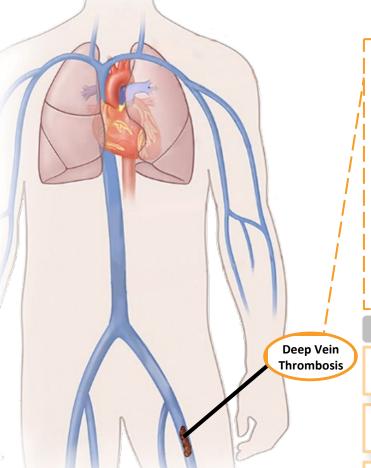
Catheter Directed
Thrombolysis,
Pharmacomechanical
Thrombolysis

ClotTriever FlowTriever FLARE, CLOUT, FLASH, FLAME





## Overview of Deep Vein Thrombosis



- Blood clots that form in the deep venous system of the legs and pelvis
- ~50% expected to develop post-thrombotic syndrome (PTS), a chronic, lifestyle-limiting disease comprising swelling, pressure, chronic pain, and ulcers
- Nearly 90% of PTS patients are unable to work 10 years after diagnosis

#### **DVT Symptoms**

Swelling of the leg

Pain that may worsen when standing or walking

Warmth and redness of the leg





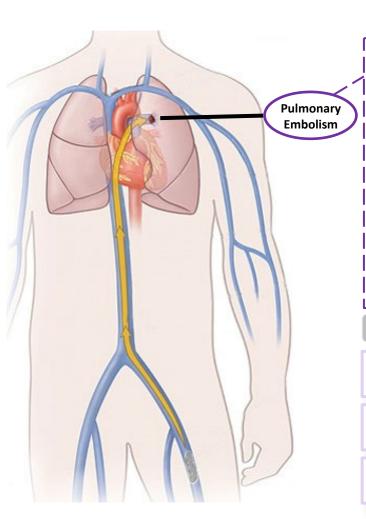
Post-Op



Removing large clot burden quickly improves acute right heart strain and we believe reduced residual clot improves longer-term outcomes



### Overview of Pulmonary Embolism



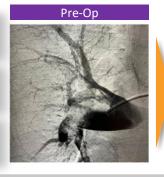
- Blood clots that break loose and travel into the lungs
- 3rd leading cause of cardiovascular death<sup>(1)</sup>; #1 cause of preventable deaths in hospitals<sup>(1)</sup>
- Short-term mortality across Massive and Sub-Massive PE: 12-50%
- Long-term complications are also potentially significant: Residual pulmonary vascular obstruction (RPVO) is common (up to 50%)

#### **PE Symptoms**

Unexplained sudden breathlessness

Sudden sharp chest pain

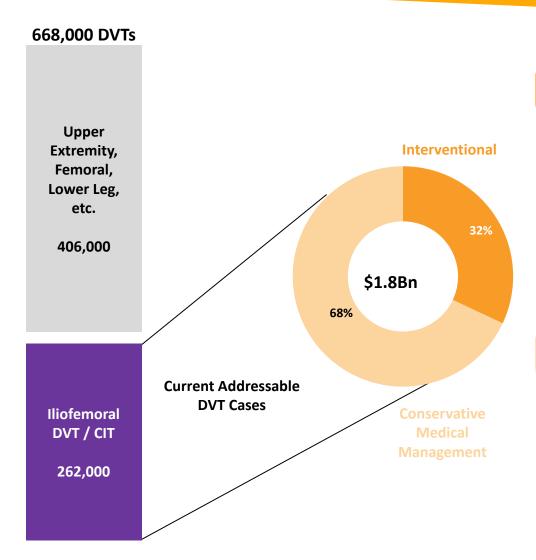
Coughing up blood





Removing large clot burden quickly improves acute right heart strain and we believe reduced residual clot improves longer-term outcomes

## DVT TAM of \$1.8Bn, Out of Combined TAM of \$3.8Bn



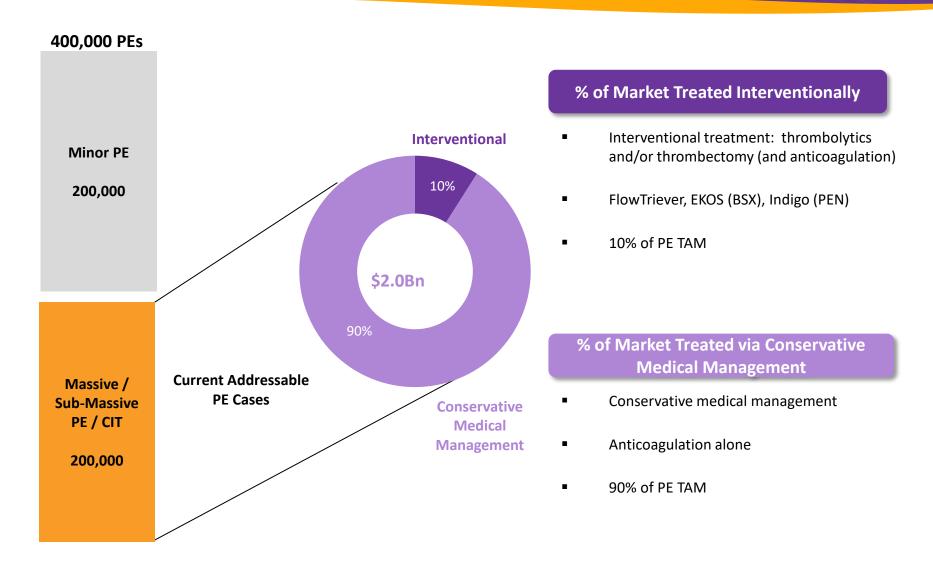
#### % of Market Treated Interventionally

- Interventional treatment: thrombolytics and/or thrombectomy (and anticoagulation)
- ClotTriever, AngioJet (BSX), Indigo (PEN)
- 32% of DVT TAM

#### % of Market Treated via Conservative Medical Management

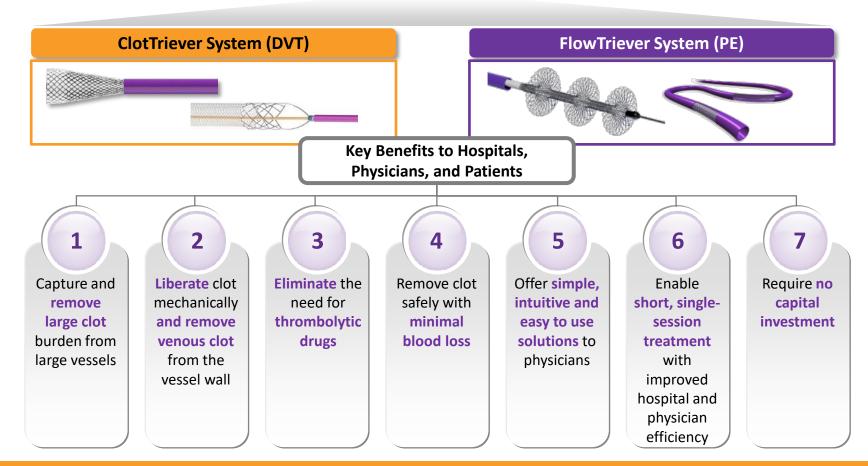
- Conservative medical management
- Anticoagulation alone
- 68% of DVT TAM

## PE TAM of \$2.0Bn, Out of Combined TAM of \$3.8Bn



# Our Solutions are Designed to Offer Significant Benefits to Hospitals, Physicians, and Patients







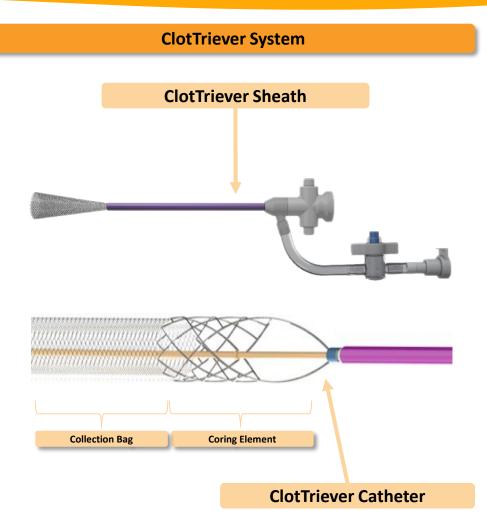
## ClotTriever System Designed Specifically to Treat DVT

#### **Product Overview**

- Designed to core, capture and remove large clots from large vessels and is used to treat DVT
- FDA-cleared for the non-surgical removal of soft thrombi and emboli from the peripheral vasculature in February 2017 and received clearance for the treatment of DVT in September 2020
- Consists of a sheath (15 cm) and catheter (80 cm)

#### **Procedure Details**

- Estimated device time: 30-45 minutes
- 90% of clot removed in a single session without the use of thrombolytics<sup>(1)</sup>
- Estimated blood loss: 50cc (1)



# ClotTriever Actual Case Examples: Designed for Consistent, Safe, Large Volume Clot Removal





## FlowTriever System Designed Specifically to Treat PE

#### **Product Overview**

- A large bore catheter-based aspiration and mechanical thrombectomy system designed to remove large clots from large vessels to treat PE
- FDA-cleared for the non-surgical removal of thrombi and emboli from blood vessels in the peripheral vasculature in February 2015 and received clearance for the treatment of PE in May 2018
- Consists of an aspiration catheter (16, 20, 24 French sizes) and catheter (ranges from 6 to 25 mm)

#### **Procedure Details**

- Estimated device time: 46 minutes<sup>(1)</sup>
- Estimated removal of target clot: 75%
- Estimated blood loss per procedure: 250cc<sup>(1)</sup>
- Leverages per procedure pricing strategy to reduce variability and uncertainty

#### FlowTriever System



#### **Triever Aspiration Catheter**



#### Available in 3 sizes

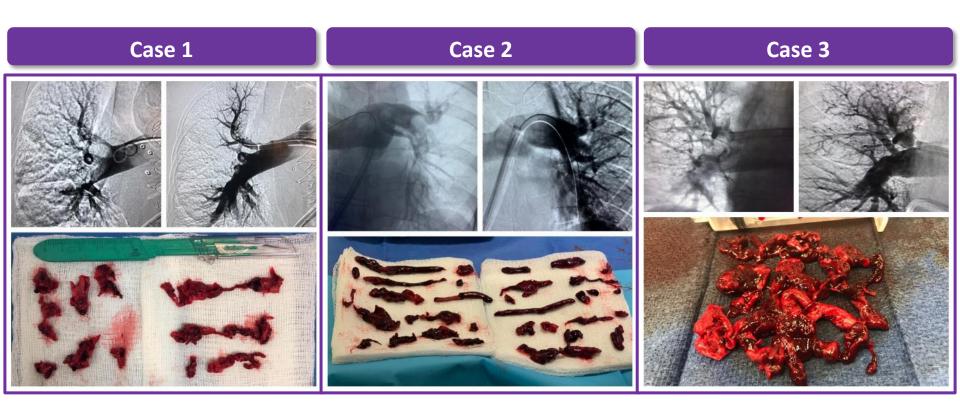
T16: 16 French lumen T20: 20 French lumen T24: 24 French lumen

#### FlowTriever Catheter



<u>Available in 4 sizes</u> XL (19-25MM), L (15-18MM), M (11-14MM), S (6-10MM)

# FlowTriever Actual Case Examples: Designed for Consistent, Safe, Large Volume Clot Removal





# Recent FDA Clearance for Right Atrial Clot In Transit Represents New \$200 million TAM with Major Unmet Needs

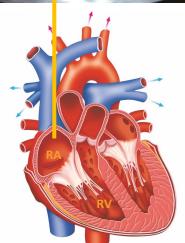
- Right atrial clot in transit occurs when clot from the lower extremities dislodges and becomes entrapped in the right heart
- If left untreated, patients have been reported to have an 80-100% mortality rate<sup>1</sup>
- We estimate that isolated CIT presents in ~20,000 patients per year in the US<sup>2,3</sup>
- Current interventions are limited to conservative treatment, thrombolytic therapy, extracorporeal bypass circuits, or invasive open surgery
- FlowTriever offers a minimally invasive approach to treating this disease to rapidly remove intracardiac thrombus without the need for thrombolytics, ICU stay, or a perfusionist team



FlowTriever® is the first thrombectomy system not requiring a cardiopulmonary bypass circuit to be FDA cleared for blood clots in the right atrium

Images Courtesy of Dr. Gautam Reddy, Atlanta, GA





## Clinical Research Investment – Real World and Broad Evidence Generation to Drive Adoption



- and chronic clot
- **Core lab imaging**
- **Outcomes: safety, functional** and QoL metrics
- **Utility metrics: single** session, ICU time, tPA use



- All comers, high- and intermediate-risk
- Outcomes: safety, on table hemodynamics, longer-term functional and QoL
- Utility metrics: ICU time, tPA use

### **FLASH AC Substudy:** Intermediate-Risk - PE **FLASH** ~300 Pts 50 Sites Follow Up: 6m

Data collection to mirror FlowTriever arm with the exception of acute hemodynamics





- All comer high-risk PE (FT and all standard of care options)
- Primary endpoint: mortality, bailout, clinical deterioration, and major bleeding
- Targeting 1H 2021 first enrollment

#### **Investigator Initiated Research**

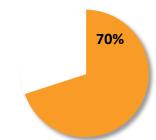
- Several IIR studies in process/under development on scientific topics of interest that do not fit within the evidence construct of our major studies
- Examples: VTE clot pathology, PE patient follow-up for ventilation-perfusion imaging assessment (RPVO) post FlowTriever, patient risk stratification, etc.



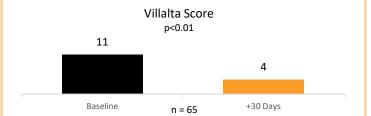
## **CLOUT Interim Results Summary**



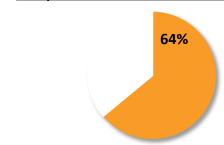
#### **Complete or Near Complete Clot Removal**

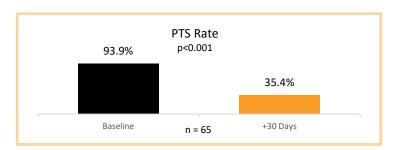






#### **Complete Reversal of PTS Within 30 Days**





#### **Key Procedural Information (2)**

66%

Presented with Clot Older than 2 Weeks

27%

Previously Treated for DVT(3)

99%

Treated in a Single Session

31 Mins

Median ClotTriever Device Time

**40cc** 

Median Estimated Blood Loss

**Device related Major Adverse Events** 

## **FLASH Interim Results Summary**

## 230 Patients Enrolled at 17 US Sites (1)

93% Intermediate-risk7% High-risk

**1.6 ± 0.5** RV/LV Ratio

**96.3%** Positive RVD Biomarkers

**69.7%** Concomitant DVT

**38.3%**Contraindicated for Lytics

**Procedure Outcomes** 



**0** days ICU stay post procedure



**46** min thrombectomy time



<5% adjunctive therapy



**0.4%** Access Site Complications

On-Table Improvements



**7 mmHg** average drop in mean PA pressure



**11.8%** average improvement in cardiac index



22.7 bpm (20%) average drop in heart rate

Acute Safety (48-hrs)

0%

Mortality

0

Device-related pulmonary/cardiac injuries or procedural clinical deteriorations

1.3%

Major Adverse Events

**30-day Outcomes** 

0.4%

Mortality (9.7% PERT registry rate)

6.7%

Readmission Rate (24.4% PERT rate)

#### **Statistical Improvements:**

- Dyspnea scores
- RV/LV ratio
- RV systolic pressure
- RV systolic function
- RV dilatation

# Our Products Offer Benefits and Value to Our Hospital and Physician Customers

## **Established Coding & Payment for Mechanical Thrombectomy**

**DVT** 

PE

DRG: 270 - 272

\$17,281 - \$33,302

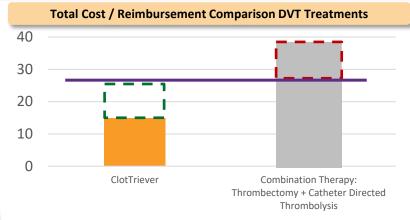
DRG: 163 – 165

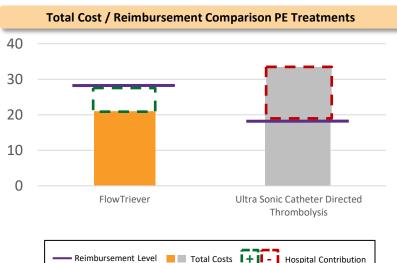
\$12,267 - \$31,875

#### Inari's Products Offer the Potential for:

- Shorter, single-session treatments
- Elimination of thrombolytic drugs
- Reduction of ICU stays
- Shortening total hospital stay
- More efficiency in hospital and physician workflows

#### Illustrative Procedural Hospital Contributions<sup>(1)</sup>



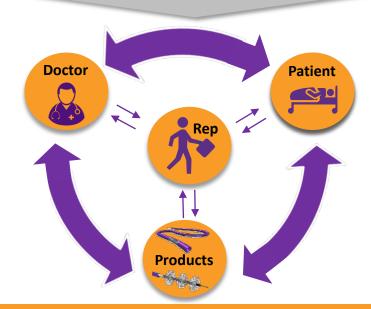




## Meaningful Investment in Our Commercial Organization

- Wide and deep
- Systems and processes to support rapid expansion
- High touch, effective interventional call points
- Refined and established hiring and training process designed to enable rapid sales rep productivity ramp and increased profitability

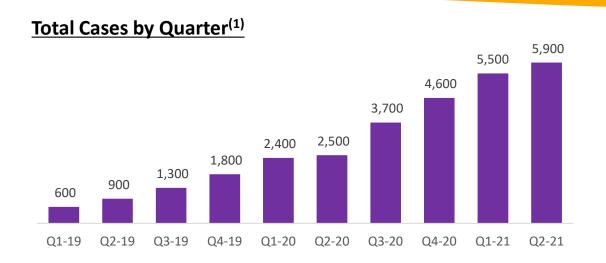
- Inari sales representatives are typically present in >80% of all cases<sup>(1)</sup>
- Rich information is generated when patient, physician, and product come together
- Field based information is the primary input into product development and clinical and commercial strategies
- No plans for a bifurcated sales model e.g., clinical specialists
- Our goal is to be a market-driven company

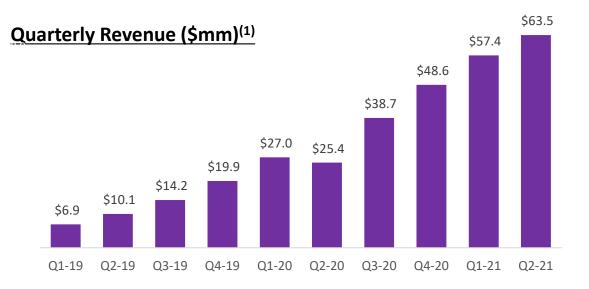


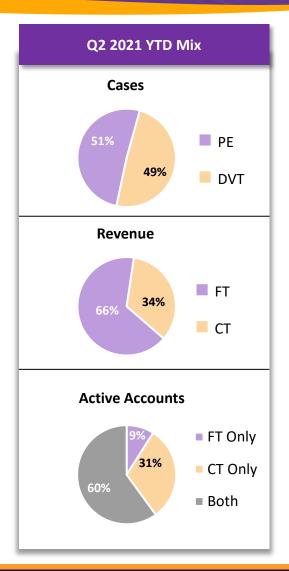
## **Financial Results**



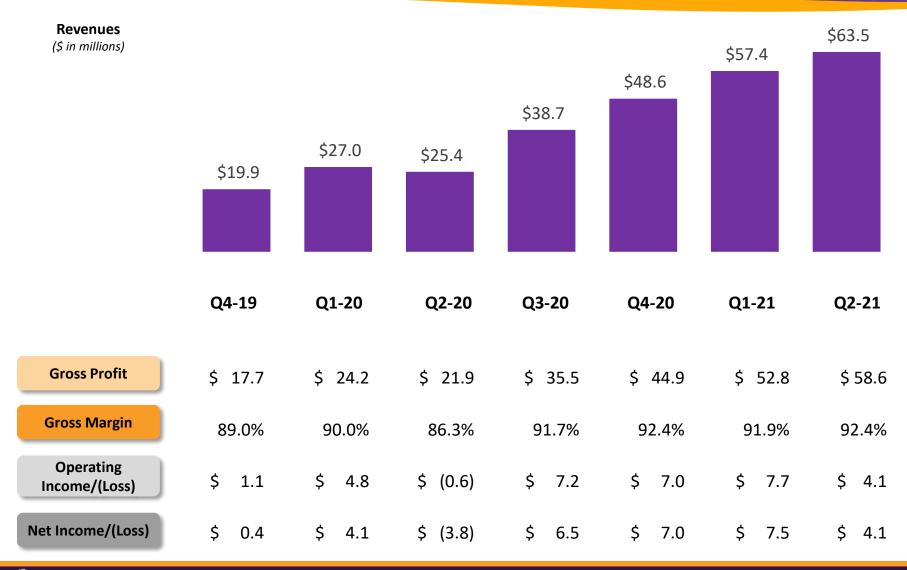
## Q2-21 Revenue Continues to Regain Much of Pre-COVID Growth







## Financial Performance Highlights





## Our Customers and Team are Better Prepared to Manage C19 Impacts Going Forward

#### Clinical "Supply"



We have seen and continue to expect hospitals will prioritize procedures based upon:

- Acuity: Inari procedures can warrant clinical priority
- Safety and efficiency of care pathway: VTE thrombectomy has modest interventional "footprint" (no intubation, elimination of nearly all ICU stays, short LoS)
- Economics: Favorable procedural economics can help hospitals recover financially

#### Clinical "Demand"



- As acute phase passed, patient fears have subsided, and we believe patients will be more likely to seek care for high acuity conditions
- Potential "backlog" of deferred VTE patients can be treated: anticoagulation only often defers intervention
- COVID is risk factor for VTE

#### **Commercial**



- Further developed our leading position in VTE
- Adapted, expanded and improved sales training and customer engagement
- Enhanced our physician outreach and training

## Summary



### Inari's Growth Drivers

- ✓ Continuing to expand our U.S. sales force
- Driving increased awareness and adoption of our products in existing and future hospital customers
- ✓ ) Building upon our base of clinical evidence
- ✓ Continuing to expand our portfolio of venous products
- Pursuing strategically adjacent markets and international opportunities



## **Appendix**



# Strong Results from FLARE IDE Study Served as Basis for FDA Indication for PE Thrombectomy

#### **Study Details**

- Prospective, single-arm, multicenter study
- 106 patients, 18 sites
- Follow-up at 48-hours & 30-days
- Enrollment Period: April 2016 to October 2017

#### **Effectiveness and Safety Profile**

#### **Effectiveness**

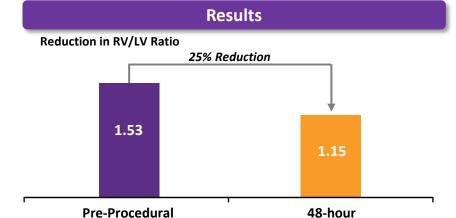
- 0.38 (25%) reduction in RV/LV ratio from 1.53 at baseline to 1.15 (p<0.0001)</li>
  - 48-hour post RV/LV measurement cohort (n=101)
- 2/106 patients given thrombolytics

#### Safety (48-hour Follow-up)

- 3.8% MAE (4/106)
  - 1 bleeding complication (0.9%), 3 treatment-related clinical deterioration (2.8%)
- No device-related major adverse events

#### **Other Measures**

- Average ICU stay 1.5 days
- Average total hospital stay of 4.1 days



#### Conclusions

- FlowTriever thrombectomy, without the use of thrombolytics met the pre-established safety and effectiveness endpoints
- The FlowTriever System has the potential to reduce bleeding complications, total hospital stay, and ICU stay
- This study establishes mechanical thrombectomy for acute PE as a viable alternative to thrombolytic-based catheter-directed therapy investigation

## **Consolidated Unaudited Income Statements**

In thousands except per share data

	 Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2021		2020		2021		2020	
Revenue	\$ 63,453	\$	25,392	\$	120,850	\$	52,345	
Cost of goods sold	 4,814		3,487		9,437		6,193	
Gross profit	58,639		21,905		111,413		46,152	
Operating expenses								
Research and development	11,630		3,628		19,793		6,646	
Selling, general and administrative	 42,897		18,880		79,795		35,273	
Total operating expenses	 54,527		22,508		99,588		41,919	
Income (loss) from operations	4,112		(603)		11,825		4,233	
Other income (expense)								
Interest income	35		146		103		201	
Interest expense	(74)		(463)		(147)		(809	
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities	_		(2,884)		_		(3,317	
Other income (expense)	 7		<u> </u>		(34)		_	
Total other expenses	(32)		(3,201)	-	(78)		(3,925	
Income (loss) before income taxes	4,080		(3,804)		11,747		308	
Provision for income taxes	12		_		210		_	
Net income (loss)	\$ 4,068	\$	(3,804)	\$	11,537	\$	308	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	 							
Foreign currency translation adjustments	57		_		(123)			
Unrealized (loss) gain on available-for-sale securities	(6)		_		12		_	
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	 51				(111)		_	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 4,119	\$	(3,804)	\$	11,426	\$	308	
Net income (loss) per share								
Basic	\$ 0.08	\$	(0.16)	\$	0.23	\$	0.02	
Diluted	\$ 0.07	\$	(0.16)	\$	0.21	\$	0.01	
Weighted average common shares used to compute net								
income (loss) per share								
Basic	49,669,652		24,295,900		49,512,800		15,339,755	
Diluted	55,595,016		24,295,900		55,665,193		47,362,292	



## **Consolidated Balance Sheets**

### In thousands

	June 30, 2021		December 31, 2020		
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 91,322	\$	114,229		
Restricted cash			50		
Short-term investments	84,744		49,981		
Accounts receivable, net	31,497		28,008		
Inventories, net	18,112		10,597		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,497		2,808		
Total current assets	228,172		205,673		
Property and equipment, net	10,827		7,498		
Restricted cash	_		338		
Operating lease right-of-use assets	868				
Deposits and other assets	13,692		583		
Total assets	\$ 253,559	\$	214,092		



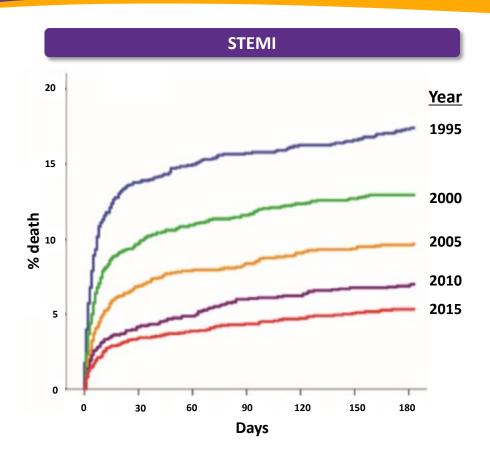
### **Consolidated Balance Sheets**

### In thousands except shares

	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	10,319	3,047
Payroll-related accruals	16,041	8,198
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	4,429	2,593
Operating lease liabilities, current portion	793	
Total current liabilities	31,582	13,838
Operating lease liabilities, noncurrent portion	156	
Total liabilities	31,738	13,838
Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)		
Stockholders' equity Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020	_	_
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 300,000,000 shares authorized as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020; 49,828,829 and 49,251,614 shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively	50	49
Additional paid in capital	237,764	227,624
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	(107)	4)
Accumulated deficit	(15,886)	(27,423
Total stockholders' equity	221,821	200,254



# Mortality Trends in PE Underscore Opportunity to Change Standard of Care



- Rapid decline in mortality since the broad adoption of PCI
- This was driven by improved technology, data, and understanding of the underlying disease

#### **Pulmonary Embolism**

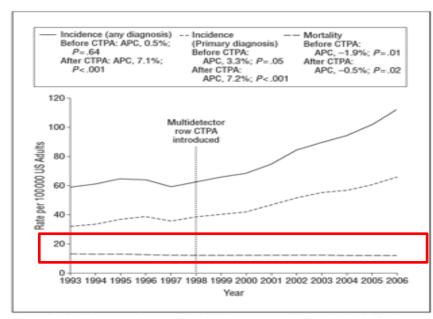
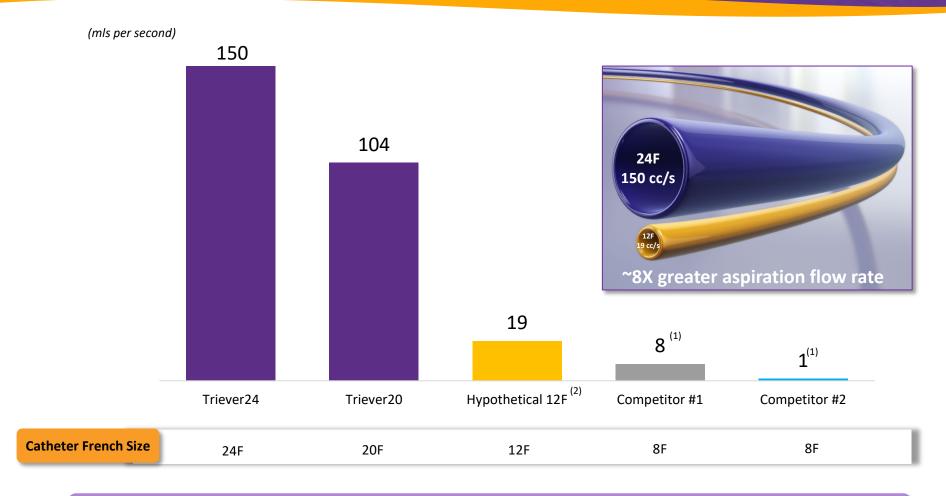


Figure 2. Incidence and mortality of pulmonary embolism in the United States, 1993-2006. APC indicates annual percentage change; and CTPA, computed tomographic pulmonary angiography.

- Rates of PE diagnosis are increasing due to prevalence of CTA
- However, this has not had an appreciable affect on mortality
- Improved technology, data and understanding of PE as a disease state may help drive reductions in mortality like seen with STEMI

### Aspirational Flow Rate of Various Catheter Sizes



Inari's larger lumen Triever aspiration catheters can generate a higher rate of aspirational blood flow than small lumen catheters, as the wider catheter can carry more blood volume, at a lower resistance, than a narrower tube

### Multiple Factors Will Drive Our Business Over the Long Term

#### **First Mover Advantage**

Focused on extending our leadership position within VTE thrombectomy

#### **Dedicated Sales Channel**

 Experienced, large and quickly growing sales force with a "deep and wide" approach

• Only sales team focused exclusively on venous solutions

#### **R&D Pipeline**

- · Rapid product iteration and development
- Focused on improved outcomes, further simplification, and expanded applications

#### **Clinical Data**

- Two 500+ patient registries, over 10 investigator-initiated trials
- Anticipate registries will inform design of future definitive clinical trials

#### **Large and Growing IP Portfolio**

- 19 U.S. and 4 foreign patents issued
- 17 U.S. and 16 foreign patents currently pending significant pipeline of additional filings

#### **Trade Secrets**

 Sophisticated catheter development, braiding expertise and manufacturing expertise



## Multiple Drivers of Physician Adoption

- 1 Outcomes: Procedural safety and effectiveness
- 2 Simplicity: Intuitive, easy to use, single-session procedure, no capital equipment
- **3** Evidence: Expanding base of clinical data
- 4 ) Economics: Potentially significant benefits to providers
- 5 ) Clinical need: Large unmet need created by suboptimal existing therapies
- 6 Tangible acute results: Clot! Clot! More Clot!!



## **Operational Excellence**



Headquarters located in Irvine, CA



Based in 40K sq. ft. facility in Irvine, CA. To accommodate growth, planning to relocate into 120K sq. ft. facility in Irvine in Q2 of 2021

Current facility ISO certified (next recertification 2021)



456 employees(1)



U.S. focused commercial organization



U.S. IP portfolio of 19 issued and 17 pending patents<sup>(1)</sup>



OUS IP portfolio of 4 issued and 16 pending patents<sup>(1)</sup>



Significant trade secrets focused on sophisticated catheter development, braiding expertise and manufacturing expertise

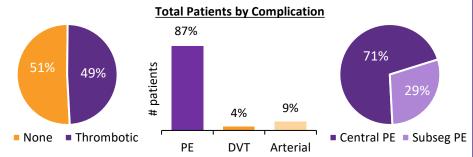


### COVID-19 and VTE

# Confirmation of the high cumulative incidence of thrombotic complications in critically ill ICU patients with COVID-19: An updated analysis

#### Study Overview<sup>(1)</sup>

- 184 COVID-19 patients on standard doses of thromboprophylaxis in 3 Dutch ICUs were evaluated for incidence of thrombotic events (symptomatic acute PE, DVT, ischemic stroke, MI, or systemic arterial embolism)
- Patients with thrombotic complications were at higher risk of allcause death (High risk 5.4; 95% CI 2.4-12)
- COVID-19 patients in the ICU have a PE rate of 35.3% (65/184) and an overall VTE rate of 37.0% (68/184) and thus should be aggressively monitored

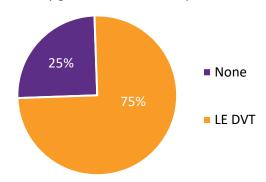


49% of patients had thrombotic complications, 87% of which were PE

## Prevalence of venous thromboembolism in patients with severe novel coronavirus pneumonia

#### Study Overview<sup>(2)</sup>

- 81 COVID-19 patients hospitalized in Wuhan, China were evaluated for incidence of lower extremity VTE
- · No preventative anticoagulation was administered
- COVID-19 patients have a lower extremity DVT rate of 24.7% (20/81) as measured on ultrasound
- D-dimer cutoff of 1.5 μg/mL was best DVT predictor



20/81 (25%) of COVID-19 patients had lower extremity DVT as identified on ultrasound

### **VTE Awareness Increasing**

CORONWING NEALTH & SCIENCE

#### Why are so many COVID-19 patients also seeing blood clots?

Health experts have been confounded by this latest trend.



High number of COVID-19 patients have blood clots

Broadway actor and Tony nominee Nick Cordero had to have his leg amputated because of a complication

#### Doctors report uptick in surprising coronavirus complication: dangerous blood clots

Blood clots are not usually associated with respiratory viruses.



Blood samples taken from patients with COVID-19 symptoms in Berlin on March 27, 2020 Sean Gallup / Getty

#### Mysterious blood clots in COVID-19 patients have doctors alarmed

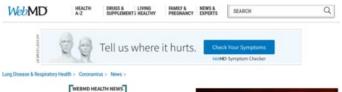
By Rachael Rettner - Senior Writer 3 days ago

Some hospitals are putting all COVID-19 patients on low doses of blood thinners.



As doctors learn more about what makes COVID-19 so severe for some patients, they have discovered a mysterious and potentially lethal complication of the disease: blood clots.

Many doctors have reported seeing an alarming number of COVID-19 patients with blood clots -- gel-like dumps in the blood that can cause serious problems, such as heart attack and stroke, according to news reports.



**Blood Clots Are Another Dangerous COVID-19 Mystery** 



5 young New Yorkers with mild COVID-19 cases were recently hospitalized with strokes. Doctors say the coronavirus can







#### **Science**Daily

Your source for the latest research news

Science News from research organizations

#### New research highlights blood clot dangers of COVID-19

Date: April 23, 2020

Source: Radiological Society of North America

Summary: A special report published today in the journal Radiology outlines prevention, diagnosis and treatment of complications stemming from blood clots in patients with COVID-19. The journal also published two research letters and a case study on this topic.



